## 2020 HOW FLORIDA COMPARES TAXES <br> STATE AND LOCAL TAX RANKINGS FOR FLORIDA AND THE NATION



## ABOUT TAXWATCH

As an independent, nonpartisan, nonprofit taxpayer research institute and government watchdog for more than 40 years, it is the mission of Florida TaxWatch to provide the residents of Florida and public officials with high quality, independent research and analysis of issues related to state and local government taxation, expenditures, policies, and programs.

Florida TaxWatch works to improve the productivity and accountability of Florida government. Its research recommends productivity enhancements and explains the statewide impact of fiscal and economic policies and practices on residents and businesses.

Florida TaxWatch is supported by voluntary, tax-deductible memberships and private grants, and does not accept government funding. Memberships provide a solid, lasting foundation that has enabled Florida TaxWatch to bring about a more effective, responsive government that is accountable to the citizens it serves since 1979.

## DEAR FELLOW TAXPAYERS

Have you ever wondered how Florida's taxes stack up against the taxes in other states? If so, this report is for you.

The annual Florida TaxWatch How Florida Compares: Taxes report ranks Florida's state and local taxes against those levied around the nation. The nearly 40 tables, charts, and graphs in this report provide comprehensive information on state and local tax rates, tax collections, and other government revenues for all 50 states, and historical information for Florida.

TaxWatch provides this report each year as a reference tool for Florida's taxpayers, policymakers, and elected officials.

This report is part of our larger How Florida Compares series, which is intended to help Floridians better understand their state through data. This report, like each report in this series, provides neutral, nonpartisan information on where Florida ranks compared to our 49 sister states and the national average.

I hope that you will use this guide as a resource to better understand the cost of your state and local governments and how those costs stack up at local and state levels.

Sincerely,

Domine Ms. Calaboo<br>Dominic M. Calabro<br>President and CEO<br>Florida TaxWatch

## KEY TAKEAWAYS

- Florida continues to be a relatively low tax state, with extremely low per capita state taxation but considerably higher local taxes; however, its combined state and local rankings are rising.
- For the third year in a row, Floridians' "Per Capita State and Local Own Source Revenue**" ranking rose slightly, reaching 38th in FY2017-18, totaling $\$ 6,352$ per capita. This ranking is up one spot from the previous year and four spots from FY2014-15 (see p. 8).
- Floridians' "Per Capita State and Local Tax Collections" ranking (a narrower measure of how much taxpayers pay for their government) rose to 40th in FY2017-18 (see p. 12).
- Florida's "Per Capita State Tax Collections" ranking is the lowest among the 50 states-ranking 50th in FY 2018-19. When all state government own source general revenue is included, Florida's ranking is a bit higher: 48th (see pp. 22-23).
- While Florida's state tax and revenue burdens are very low compared to the other states, local tax burdens are much higher. Florida's "Per Capita State Own Source Revenue" and "Per Capita State Tax Collections" rank 48th and 50th, respectively, whereas "Per Capita Local Own Source Revenue" and "Per Capita Local Tax Collections" rank 16th and 28th, respectfully (see pp. 40-41).
- Florida relies more heavily on local revenue to fund government than almost any other state. Florida local governments account for 52.6 percent of Florida's total state and local revenue, the 2 nd highest percentage in the nation (see p. 15).
- Florida's state and local revenue rankings reached their all-time high in 2006 (22nd for both), fueled by skyrocketing local property taxes and rapidly increasing sales and documentary stamp tax collections at the state level. As the economy soured, so did revenue collections, as they fell dramatically from their windfall levels. Florida's ranking dropped 20 spots to 42nd in FY2013-14.
- Florida's per capita property tax ranking is right at the median-25th (see page 41). While state revenue collections began to improve in 2011, it took longer for local property taxes to recover. In 2014, property taxes finally began to reverse a trend of five straight years of declining collections.
- Florida also classifies 37.3 percent of its state and local own-source general revenue as non-tax revenue, the 11th largest percentage in the nation (see p. 17). Nearly half (46.0 percent) of Florida's local own-source revenue is classified as non-tax.
- Florida relies more heavily on transaction taxes than most states. Transaction taxes (general and selective sales taxes) account for 81.4 percent of all Florida's state tax collections, compared to the national average of 46.5 percent (see p. 24 ).
- Florida has the highest state and local selective sales (excise) taxes on utilities in the nation. Florida also taxes motor fuels higher than the average state, ranking 17th (see p. 14).
- After the 2015 Legislature reduced the communications services tax, Florida's "State \& Local Cell Phone Tax Rate" fell from 4th highest in 2015 to 8th in 2016. Florida's ranking is now 12th-at 14.86 percent-higher than both the U.S. average of 12.60 percent and Florida's average state and local general sales tax rate of 7.05 percent (see p. 19).
- Florida's housing sector also produces significant revenue for the state. Florida's documentary stamp taxes are rising rapidly again after falling sharply during the recession. Florida collected $\$ 276$ of these taxes per capita in 2006, but that amount fell to $\$ 72$ in 2009. Housing is improving again, and per capita collections have risen to $\$ 142$ in 2018, the nation's third largest burden (see p. 33).
- Florida is one of seven states without a personal income tax. The average state relies on personal income taxes for 37.9 percent of its tax revenue (see p. 24 and 28).
- Businesses pay more than half (53.3 percent) of all state and local taxes in Florida. This is the 9th highest percentage in the nation and higher than the national average of 43.5 percent (see p. 18)


## IMPORTANT NOTES

Per capita amounts are calculated using state population estimates from the U.S. Census Bureau. Fiscal year (FY) population is estimated by averaging the July 1 population for the two years that contain the FY. For example, FY2018 is the average between July 1, 2017 and July 1, 2018.
** "Own source revenue" is a broader measure of the financial burden citizens incur to pay for their government. It counts all direct revenue, including taxes and non-tax revenue such as charges for services, special assessments, impact fees, and net lottery revenue. It does not include intergovernmental aid, revenue from government-owned utilities and liquor stores, and social insurance funds. The revenue Florida reports to the U.S. Census Bureau as taxes is much lower than official state data.

Fiscal years in this pocket guide refer to the fiscal years of each state, which may vary slightly. Forty-six states, including Florida, have state fiscal years that runs from July 1 - June 30. Florida's local governments' fiscal year runs from October 1 to September 30.

SUMMARY OF TAX RANKINGS
Figures are per capita except where noted.

| STATE AND LOCAL (FY2018) | FLORIDA | RANK ${ }^{1}$ | U.S. AVG. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Own Source Revenue ${ }^{2}$ | \$6,352 | 38 | \$7,844 |
| Total Taxes | \$3,984 | 40 | \$5,417 |
| Transaction Taxes ${ }^{3}$ | \$2,135 | 10 | \$1,880 |
| STATE (FY2019) |  |  |  |
| Own Source Revenue ${ }^{4}$ | \$3,008 | 48 | \$4,336 |
| Total Taxes | \$2,097 | 50 | \$3,310 |
| Transaction Taxes | \$1,708 | 17 | \$1,540 |
| General Sales Taxes | \$1,311 | 8 | \$1,022 |
| Selective Sales Taxes | \$397 | 38 | \$517 |
| Documentary Stamp Taxes | \$138 | 3 | \$30 |
| Corporate Income Taxes | \$146 | 28 | \$176 |
| License Taxes | \$99 | 45 | \$180 |
| Personal Income Taxes | No Tax | No Tax | \$1,255 |
| LOCAL (FY2018) |  |  |  |
| Own Source Revenue | \$3,344 | 16 | \$3,508 |
| Taxes | \$1,806 | 28 | \$2,276 |
| Property Taxes | \$1,387 | 25 | \$1,629 |
| Transaction Taxes | \$313 | 25 | \$403 |
| PERCENTAGE OF STATE \& LOCAL REVENUE FROM LOCAL SOURCES | 52.6\% | 2 | 44.7\% |
| REVENUE PER \$1,000 PERSONAL INCOME |  |  |  |
| State and Local | 12.4\% | 45 | 14.3\% |
| State | 5.9\% | 48 | 7.9\% |
| Local | 6.5\% | 14 | 6.4\% |

Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020
Per capita amounts are calculated using state population estimates from the U.S. Census Bureau. Personal income estimates from the Bureau of Economic Analysis. Fiscal year (FY) population is estimated by averaging the July 1 population for the two years that contain the FY. For example FY2019 is the average between July 1, 2018 and July 1, 2019.

1 Ranking out of 50 states, does not include the District of Columbia.
2 See definition of "Own Source Revenue" on page 5.
3 Transaction taxes are the total of general sales and selective sales (excise) taxes. 4 State Own Source Revenue data is for FY2018, all state tax data is FY2019.

## STATE \& LOCAL TAXES \& REVENUE

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PER CAPITA STATE \& LOCAL
OWN SOURCE* REVENUE
FY2018

| 1 | New York | \$12,532 | 26 | New Hampshire | \$7,176 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | North Dakota | \$11,223 | 27 | Utah | \$7,133 |
| 3 | Alaska | \$10,557 | 28 | Ohio | \$6,991 |
| 4 | Wyoming | \$10,489 | 29 | New Mexico | \$6,917 |
| 5 | Hawaii | \$10,326 | 30 | Michigan | \$6,879 |
| 6 | Connecticut | \$10,064 | 31 | South Carolina | \$6,852 |
| 7 | California | \$9,819 | 32 | Texas | \$6,650 |
| 8 | New Jersey | \$9,605 | 33 | North Carolina | \$6,540 |
| 9 | Massachusetts | \$9,313 | 34 | Indiana | \$6,435 |
| 10 | Iowa | \$9,199 | 35 | Nevada | \$6,415 |
| 11 | Washington | \$8,953 | 36 | West Virginia | \$6,376 |
| 12 | Minnesota | \$8,926 | 37 | Louisiana | \$6,369 |
| 13 | Delaware | \$8,627 | 38 | FLORIDA | \$6,352 |
| 14 | Vermont | \$8,460 | 39 | South Dakota | \$6,303 |
| 15 | Maryland | \$8,422 | 40 | Alabama | \$6,219 |
| 16 | Oregon | \$8,369 | 41 | Mississippi | \$6,160 |
| 17 | Rhode Island | \$8,286 | 42 | Oklahoma | \$6,130 |
| 18 | Kansas | \$8,246 | 43 | Montana | \$6,086 |
| 19 | Colorado | \$7,971 | 44 | Missouri | \$6,066 |
|  | U.S. Average | \$7,844 | 45 | Arkansas | \$5,958 |
| 20 | Virginia | \$7,781 | 46 | Kentucky | \$5,828 |
| 21 | Illinois | \$7,739 | 47 | Idaho | \$5,728 |
| 22 | Nebraska | \$7,738 | 48 | Georgia | \$5,696 |
| 23 | Pennsylvania | \$7,684 | 49 | Arizona | \$5,404 |
| 24 | Wisconsin | \$7,247 | 50 | Tennessee | \$5,164 |
| 25 | Maine | \$7,189 |  |  |  |

Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Rankings may appear to be equal due to rounding.
*For a definition of Own Source Revenue see page 5.
FLORIDA'S HISTORIC RANK

| Year | Rank | Amount | \% of US Avg. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2018 | 38 | $\$ 6,352$ | $81.0 \%$ |
| 2017 | 39 | $\$ 6,075$ | $81.8 \%$ |
| 2016 | 40 | $\$ 5,733$ | $79.8 \%$ |
| 2015 | 42 | $\$ 5,679$ | $80.4 \%$ |
| 2009 | 24 | $\$ 5,914$ | $95.8 \%$ |
| 2006 | 22 | $\$ 5,691$ | $97.2 \%$ |

GROWTH IN STATE AND LOCAL
OWN SOURCE* REVENUE
FY2008-FY2018

| 1 | North Dakota | 76.3\% | 26 | Idaho | 27.0\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Oregon | 61.4\% | 27 | Rhode Island | 26.8\% |
| 3 | lowa | 57.9\% | 28 | Oklahoma | 26.7\% |
| 4 | Hawaii | 56.1\% | 29 | Delaware | 26.6\% |
| 5 | Washington | 55.1\% | 30 | Missouri | 25.2\% |
| 6 | Utah | 47.8\% | 31 | Alabama | 24.9\% |
| 7 | Texas | 44.4\% | 32 | Mississippi | 23.9\% |
| 8 | California | 44.3\% | 33 | Kentucky | 22.7\% |
| 9 | Colorado | 43.1\% | 34 | New Jersey | 22.2\% |
| 10 | Minnesota | 40.3\% | 35 | Wisconsin | 22.1\% |
| 11 | Maryland | 39.4\% | 36 | Nevada | 21.8\% |
| 12 | South Carolina | 39.3\% | 37 | Maine | 21.4\% |
| 13 | South Dakota | 39.1\% | 38 | Georgia | 19.6\% |
| 14 | Kansas | 36.2\% | 39 | Montana | 19.5\% |
| 15 | Virginia | 36.1\% | 40 | Ohio | 19.4\% |
| 16 | New Hampshire | 35.0\% | 41 | Indiana | 18.6\% |
| 17 | Nebraska | 34.6\% | 42 | New Mexico | 18.1\% |
| 18 | North Carolina | 34.4\% | 43 | Arizona | 17.8\% |
| 19 | Massachusetts | 33.7\% | 44 | Michigan | 17.7\% |
| 20 | New York | 33.2\% | 45 | FLORIDA | 14.8\% |
| 21 | Connecticut | 32.6\% | 46 | Tennessee | 14.3\% |
| 22 | Arkansas | 31.3\% | 47 | West Virginia | 14.1\% |
|  | U.S. Average | 31.2\% | 48 | Louisiana | 5.9\% |
| 23 | Vermont | 29.4\% | 49 | Wyoming | 0.3\% |
| 24 | Illinois | 28.9\% | 50 | Alaska | -52.0\% |
| 25 | Pennsylvania | 27.9\% |  |  |  |

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## STATE AND LOCAL REVENUE BY SOURCE FY2018

FLORIDA


## UNITED STATES*



Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Figures may not add to $100 \%$ due to rounding.

* All-state averages include Florida.


## AVERAGE STATE AND LOCAL SALES TAX RATES

as of January 1, 2020

| 1 | Tennessee | 9.53\% | 26 | North Carolina | 6.97\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Louisiana | 9.52\% | 27 | lowa | 6.94\% |
| 3 | Arkansas | 9.47\% | 28 | Nebraska | 6.93\% |
| 4 | Alabama | 9.22\% | 29 | North Dakota | 6.86\% |
| 5 | Washington | 9.21\% | 30 | New Jersey | 6.60\% |
| 6 | Illinois | 9.08\% | 31 | West Virginia | 6.41\% |
| 7 | Oklahoma | 8.94\% | 32 | South Dakota | 6.40\% |
| 8 | Kansas | 8.68\% | 33 | Connecticut | 6.35\% |
| 9 | California | 8.66\% | 34 | Pennsylvania | 6.34\% |
| 10 | New York | 8.52\% | 35 | Massachusetts | 6.25\% |
| 11 | Arizona | 8.40\% | 36 | Vermont | 6.22\% |
| 12 | Nevada | 8.32\% | 37 | Idaho | 6.03\% |
| 13 | Texas | 8.19\% | 38 | Kentucky | 6.00\% |
| 14 | Missouri | 8.18\% | 39 | Maryland | 6.00\% |
| 15 | New Mexico | 7.82\% | 40 | Michigan | 6.00\% |
| 16 | Colorado | 7.65\% | 41 | Virginia | 5.65\% |
| 17 | South Carolina | 7.46\% | 42 | Maine | 5.50\% |
| 18 | Minnesota | 7.46\% | 43 | Wisconsin | 5.46\% |
|  | U.S. Average | 7.44\% | 44 | Wyoming | 5.34\% |
| 19 | Georgia | 7.31\% | 45 | Hawaii | 4.44\% |
| 20 | Utah | 7.18\% | 46 | Alaska | 1.76\% |
| 21 | Ohio | 7.17\% | 47 | Delaware | No Tax |
| 22 | Mississippi | 7.07\% | 47 | Montana | No Tax |
| 23 | FLORIDA | 7.05\% | 47 | New Hampshire | No Tax |
| 24 | Indiana | 7.00\% | 47 | Oregon | No Tax |
| 25 | Rhode Island | 7.00\% |  |  |  |

Local rates can vary among jurisdictions. The local rates are population-weighted to get an average local rate. That rate is added to the state rate to get the total rates in the table.

Source: Sales Tax Clearinghouse, Tax Foundation and Florida TaxWatch, October 2020. Rankings may appear to be equal due to rounding.

## PER CAPITA STATE \& LOCAL TAX COLLECTIONS <br> FY2018

| 1 | New York | \$9,814 | 26 | Alaska | \$4,802 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Connecticut | \$8,492 | 27 | Nevada | \$4,743 |
| 3 | North Dakota | \$7,627 | 28 | Ohio | \$4,643 |
| 4 | New Jersey | \$7,424 | 29 | Texas | \$4,508 |
| 5 | Hawaii | \$7,322 | 30 | Michigan | \$4,427 |
| 6 | Massachusetts | \$7,018 | 31 | Louisiana | \$4,373 |
| 7 | California | \$6,822 | 32 | South Dakota | \$4,341 |
| 8 | Maryland | \$6,533 | 33 | Montana | \$4,280 |
| 9 | Minnesota | \$6,441 | 34 | Utah | \$4,182 |
| 10 | Vermont | \$6,349 | 35 | West Virginia | \$4,150 |
| 11 | Illinois | \$5,933 | 36 | Arkansas | \$4,141 |
| 12 | Washington | \$5,857 | 37 | New Mexico | \$4,134 |
| 13 | Rhode Island | \$5,796 | 38 | Indiana | \$4,102 |
| 14 | Maine | \$5,549 | 39 | North Carolina | \$4,094 |
| 15 | Delaware | \$5,549 | 40 | FLORIDA | \$3,984 |
| 16 | Pennsylvania | \$5,469 | 41 | Kentucky | \$3,978 |
|  | U.S. Average | \$5,417 | 42 | Missouri | \$3,975 |
| 17 | Nebraska | \$5,377 | 43 | Georgia | \$3,917 |
| 18 | New Hampshire | \$5,281 | 44 | Idaho | \$3,897 |
| 19 | Colorado | \$5,279 | 45 | Arizona | \$3,855 |
| 20 | Kansas | \$5,188 | 46 | Oklahoma | \$3,854 |
| 21 | lowa | \$5,165 | 47 | Mississippi | \$3,762 |
| 22 | Wyoming | \$5,059 | 48 | South Carolina | \$3,728 |
| 23 | Wisconsin | \$5,024 | 49 | Alabama | \$3,531 |
| 24 | Virginia | \$5,005 | 50 | Tennessee | \$3,301 |
| 25 | Oregon | \$4,982 |  |  |  |

Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Rankings may appear to be equal due to rounding.

FLORIDA'S HISTORIC RANK

| Year | Rank | Amount | \% of US Avg. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2018 | 40 | $\$ 3,984$ | $73.5 \%$ |
| 2017 | 44 | $\$ 3,739$ | $73.4 \%$ |
| 2016 | 46 | $\$ 3,517$ | $71.0 \%$ |
| 2015 | 46 | $\$ 3,481$ | $71.2 \%$ |
| 2009 | 30 | $\$ 3,691$ | $88.4 \%$ |
| 2006 | 22 | $\$ 3,850$ | $95.2 \%$ |

## PER CAPITA STATE \& LOCAL TRANSACTIONS TAX COLLECTIONS FY2018

| 1 | Hawaii | \$3,681 | 26 | Alabama | \$1,726 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Washington | \$3,560 | 27 | Mississippi | \$1,724 |
| 3 | Nevada | \$3,042 | 28 | Wyoming | \$1,696 |
| 4 | Louisiana | \$2,486 | 29 | Maine | \$1,688 |
| 5 | New York | \$2,351 | 30 | lowa | \$1,680 |
| 6 | South Dakota | \$2,290 | 31 | Oklahoma | \$1,642 |
| 7 | North Dakota | \$2,210 | 32 | Rhode Island | \$1,622 |
| 8 | Texas | \$2,173 | 33 | West Virginia | \$1,581 |
| 9 | Connecticut | \$2,155 | 34 | Nebraska | \$1,570 |
| 10 | FLORIDA | \$2,135 | 35 | Utah | \$1,528 |
| 11 | Arkansas | \$2,087 | 36 | North Carolina | \$1,526 |
| 12 | Kansas | \$2,041 | 37 | Wisconsin | \$1,512 |
| 13 | Minnesota | \$1,990 | 38 | Michigan | \$1,499 |
| 14 | New Mexico | \$1,981 | 39 | Missouri | \$1,496 |
| 15 | California | \$1,955 | 40 | Kentucky | \$1,454 |
| 16 | Colorado | \$1,936 | 41 | Idaho | \$1,410 |
| 17 | Illinois | \$1,934 | 42 | Massachusetts | \$1,378 |
| 18 | Arizona | \$1,892 | 43 | Georgia | \$1,375 |
|  | U.S. Average | \$1,880 | 44 | Virginia | \$1,197 |
| 19 | Tennessee | \$1,866 | 45 | South Carolina | \$1,183 |
| 20 | Indiana | \$1,848 | 46 | Alaska | \$842 |
| 21 | Vermont | \$1,794 | 47 | New Hampshire | \$762 |
| 22 | Ohio | \$1,777 | 48 | Delaware | \$626 |
| 23 | Pennsylvania | \$1,758 | 49 | Montana | \$611 |
| 24 | New Jersey | \$1,756 | 50 | Oregon | \$540 |
| 25 | Maryland | \$1,751 |  |  |  |

Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Rankings may appear to be equal due to rounding.

FLORIDA'S HISTORIC RANK

| Year | Rank | Amount | \% of US Avg. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2018 | 10 | $\$ 2,135$ | $113.6 \%$ |
| 2017 | 14 | $\$ 1,942$ | $108.5 \%$ |
| 2016 | 17 | $\$ 1,784$ | $102.9 \%$ |
| 2015 | 15 | $\$ 1,796$ | $105.6 \%$ |
| 2009 | 7 | 1,719 | $121.4 \%$ |
| 2006 | 5 | 1,946 | $138.8 \%$ |

PER CAPITA STATE \& LOCAL SELECTIVE SALES TAXES BY SOURCE

FY2018

|  | FLORIDA | RANK | U.S. AVG. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Utilities | $\$ 212$ | 1 | $\$ 84$ |
| Motor Fuels | $\$ 173$ | 17 | $\$ 153$ |
| Insurance | $\$ 56$ | 30 | $\$ 61$ |
| Alcoholic Beverages | $\$ 14^{1}$ | 34 | $\$ 23$ |
| Tobacco | $\$ 56$ | 35 | $\$ 72$ |

1 - Despite Florida's low per capita ranking for alcoholic beverage taxes, the state's tax rates are much higher than average. Taxes are collected at the wholesale level and distributors may take a credit for donations to the Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program. This credit reduces net tax collections by 60 percent. If these taxes were counted, Florida would rank in the top ten.

## PERCENTAGE OF STATE \& LOCAL SELECTIVE SALES TAX COLLECTIONS BY SOURCE




Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Figures may not add to $100 \%$ due to rounding.

* All-state averages include Florida.


## PERCENTAGE OF STATE \& LOCAL REVENUE FROM LOCAL SOURCES FY2018

| 1 | New York | 54.7\% | 26 | Pennsylvania | 40.7\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | FLORIDA | 52.6\% | 27 | Alaska | 39.7\% |
| 3 | Colorado | 52.3\% | 28 | Maine | 39.6\% |
| 4 | Texas | 52.2\% | 29 | Virginia | 39.5\% |
| 5 | Nebraska | 51.5\% | 30 | Montana | 39.4\% |
| 6 | New Hampshire | 50.8\% | 31 | Oklahoma | 37.9\% |
| 7 | Georgia | 49.9\% | 32 | Oregon | 37.8\% |
| 8 | Missouri | 48.8\% | 33 | lowa | 37.8\% |
| 9 | Illinois | 48.8\% | 34 | Kansas | 37.5\% |
| 10 | Louisiana | 47.6\% | 35 | Utah | 37.4\% |
| 11 | South Dakota | 47.3\% | 36 | Rhode Island | 36.8\% |
| 12 | South Carolina | 47.3\% | 37 | Wisconsin | 36.3\% |
| 13 | Tennessee | 47.1\% | 38 | Idaho | 36.2\% |
| 14 | Wyoming | 46.6\% | 39 | Massachusetts | 35.9\% |
| 15 | Ohio | 45.5\% | 40 | Connecticut | 35.9\% |
| 16 | Washington | 45.5\% | 41 | Michigan | 34.6\% |
| 17 | Nevada | 44.7\% | 42 | Minnesota | 34.4\% |
|  | U.S. Average | 44.7\% | 43 | Kentucky | 33.3\% |
| 18 | North Carolina | 44.3\% | 44 | New Mexico | 30.3\% |
| 19 | California | 43.9\% | 45 | West Virginia | 29.6\% |
| 20 | New Jersey | 43.6\% | 46 | North Dakota | 29.3\% |
| 21 | Maryland | 42.7\% | 47 | Hawaii | 24.7\% |
| 22 | Arizona | 42.3\% | 48 | Arkansas | 24.5\% |
| 23 | Mississippi | 40.9\% | 49 | Delaware | 19.7\% |
| 24 | Alabama | 40.9\% | 50 | Vermont | 19.4\% |
| 25 | Indiana | 40.7\% |  |  |  |

Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Rankings may appear to be equal due to rounding.

FLORIDA'S HISTORIC RANK

| Year | Rank | Amount | \% of US Avg. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2018 | 2 | $52.6 \%$ | $117.7 \%$ |
| 2017 | 2 | $53.9 \%$ | $119.2 \%$ |
| 2016 | 1 | $54.9 \%$ | $122.3 \%$ |
| 2015 | 2 | $53.3 \%$ | $119.5 \%$ |
| 2009 | 1 | $58.4 \%$ | $124.3 \%$ |
| 2006 | 3 | $51.9 \%$ | $117.2 \%$ |

PERCENTAGE OF STATE \& LOCAL
TAXES FROM LOCAL SOURCES
FY2018

| 1 | New Hampshire | 59.1\% | 26 | Iowa | 37.9\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | New York | 53.9\% | 27 | Wyoming | 37.2\% |
| 3 | Alaska | 53.6\% | 28 | Connecticut | 37.1\% |
| 4 | Texas | 53.0\% | 29 | Oklahoma | 37.0\% |
| 5 | Colorado | 50.4\% | 30 | Kansas | 36.8\% |
| 6 | South Dakota | 49.6\% | 31 | Tennessee | 35.9\% |
| 7 | Nebraska | 47.8\% | 32 | Alabama | 35.9\% |
| 8 | Illinois | 47.3\% | 33 | Wisconsin | 35.7\% |
| 9 | Missouri | 46.4\% | 34 | Nevada | 35.6\% |
| 10 | New Jersey | 46.4\% | 35 | California | 34.9\% |
| 11 | Ohio | 46.2\% | 36 | Montana | 34.9\% |
| 12 | FLORIDA | 45.3\% | 37 | New Mexico | 34.4\% |
| 13 | Virginia | 44.7\% | 38 | North Carolina | 34.1\% |
| 14 | Louisiana | 44.3\% | 39 | Kentucky | 32.0\% |
| 15 | South Carolina | 44.0\% | 40 | Michigan | 30.9\% |
| 16 | Rhode Island | 43.1\% | 41 | Mississippi | 29.7\% |
| 17 | Maryland | 43.1\% | 42 | Indiana | 29.2\% |
| 18 | Georgia | 42.8\% | 43 | Idaho | 28.3\% |
|  | U.S. Average | 41.9\% | 44 | West Virginia | 27.9\% |
| 19 | Pennsylvania | 41.8\% | 45 | North Dakota | 27.1\% |
| 20 | Arizona | 40.8\% | 46 | Hawaii | 25.9\% |
| 21 | Maine | 40.5\% | 47 | Minnesota | 25.8\% |
| 22 | Washington | 39.3\% | 48 | Arkansas | 20.9\% |
| 23 | Oregon | 39.0\% | 49 | Delaware | 20.9\% |
| 24 | Utah | 38.5\% | 50 | Vermont | 17.2\% |
| 25 | Massachusetts | 38.5\% |  |  |  |

Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Rankings may appear to be equal due to rounding.

FLORIDA'S HISTORIC RANK

| Year | Rank | Amount | \% of US Avg. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2018 | 12 | $45.3 \%$ | $108.1 \%$ |
| 2017 | 10 | $46.8 \%$ | $110.1 \%$ |
| 2016 | 9 | $47.6 \%$ | $113.3 \%$ |
| 2015 | 10 | $46.8 \%$ | $112.5 \%$ |
| 2009 | 3 | $53.2 \%$ | $120.6 \%$ |
| 2006 | 13 | $42.4 \%$ | $104.4 \%$ |

## PERCENTAGE OF STATE \& LOCAL REVENUE FROM NON-TAX SOURCES <br> FY2018

| 1 | Alaska | 54.5\% | 27 | Kentucky | 31.8\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Wyoming | 51.8\% | 28 | Louisiana | 31.3\% |
| 3 | South Carolina | 45.6\% | 29 | Georgia | 31.2\% |
| 4 | lowa | 43.8\% | 30 | South Dakota | 31.1\% |
| 5 | Alabama | 43.2\% |  | U.S. Average | 30.9\% |
| 6 | Utah | 41.4\% | 31 | Wisconsin | 30.7\% |
| 7 | Oregon | 40.5\% | 32 | California | 30.5\% |
| 8 | New Mexico | 40.2\% | 33 | Nebraska | 30.5\% |
| 9 | Mississippi | 38.9\% | 34 | Arkansas | 30.5\% |
| 10 | North Carolina | 37.4\% | 35 | Rhode Island | 30.0\% |
| 11 | FLORIDA | 37.3\% | 36 | Montana | 29.7\% |
| 12 | Oklahoma | 37.1\% | 37 | Hawaii | 29.1\% |
| 13 | Kansas | 37.1\% | 38 | Pennsylvania | 28.8\% |
| 14 | Indiana | 36.2\% | 39 | Arizona | 28.7\% |
| 15 | Tennessee | 36.1\% | 40 | Minnesota | 27.8\% |
| 16 | Virginia | 35.7\% | 41 | New Hampshire | 26.4\% |
| 17 | Delaware | 35.7\% | 42 | Nevada | 26.1\% |
| 18 | Michigan | 35.7\% | 43 | Vermont | 24.9\% |
| 19 | West Virginia | 34.9\% | 44 | Massachusetts | 24.6\% |
| 20 | Washington | 34.6\% | 45 | Illinois | 23.3\% |
| 21 | Missouri | 34.5\% | 46 | Maine | 22.8\% |
| 22 | Colorado | 33.8\% | 47 | New Jersey | 22.7\% |
| 23 | Ohio | 33.6\% | 48 | Maryland | 22.4\% |
| 24 | Texas | 32.2\% | 49 | New York | 21.7\% |
| 25 | North Dakota | 32.0\% | 50 | Connecticut | 15.6\% |
| 26 | Idaho | 32.0\% |  |  |  |

Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Rankings may appear to be equal due to rounding.

FLORIDA'S HISTORIC RANK

| Year | Rank | Amount | \% of US Avg. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2018 | 9 | $37.3 \%$ | $120.7 \%$ |
| 2017 | 12 | $38.5 \%$ | $122.2 \%$ |
| 2016 | 9 | $38.7 \%$ | $124.8 \%$ |
| 2015 | 7 | $38.7 \%$ | $125.6 \%$ |
| 2009 | 10 | $37.6 \%$ | $116.4 \%$ |
| 2006 | 25 | $32.4 \%$ | $104.9 \%$ |

## BUSINESS SHARE OF TOTAL <br> STATE AND LOCAL TAXES <br> FY2018

| 1 | Wyoming | 72.7\% | 26 | Illinois | 43.4\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | North Dakota | 72.1\% | 27 | Kentucky | 43.1\% |
| 3 | Alaska | 66.9\% | 28 | Pennsylvania | 42.5\% |
| 4 | Texas | 62.3\% | 29 | Georgia | 42.4\% |
| 5 | South Dakota | 58.9\% | 30 | Kansas | 42.3\% |
| 6 | New Mexico | 56.2\% | 31 | New York | 41.3\% |
| 7 | Tennessee | 54.1\% | 32 | New Jersey | 40.9\% |
| 8 | Nevada | 53.7\% | 33 | Utah | 40.4\% |
| 9 | FLORIDA | 53.3\% | 34 | Ohio | 40.3\% |
| 10 | Delaware | 52.9\% | 35 | Idaho | 40.0\% |
| 11 | Vermont | 51.5\% | 36 | Indiana | 39.9\% |
| 12 | Mississippi | 50.0\% | 37 | Arkansas | 39.4\% |
| 13 | Washington | 49.6\% | 38 | Virginia | 39.3\% |
| 14 | West Virginia | 49.4\% | 39 | Massachusetts | 38.9\% |
| 15 | Louisiana | 48.5\% | 40 | Wisconsin | 38.8\% |
| 16 | Montana | 48.5\% | 41 | California | 38.7\% |
| 17 | New Hampshire | 48.4\% | 42 | Missouri | 38.2\% |
| 18 | Nebraska | 48.3\% | 43 | Rhode Island | 37.9\% |
| 19 | Oklahoma | 48.3\% | 44 | Hawaii | 37.8\% |
| 20 | Maine | 47.9\% | 45 | Minnesota | 37.7\% |
| 21 | South Carolina | 45.9\% | 46 | North Carolina | 37.4\% |
| 22 | Alabama | 45.3\% | 47 | Oregon | 36.0\% |
| 23 | Arizona | 45.0\% | 48 | Michigan | 35.0\% |
| 24 | Colorado | 44.8\% | 49 | Maryland | 31.4\% |
| 25 | lowa | 43.6\% | 50 | Connecticut | 29.5\% |
|  | U.S. Average | 43.5\% |  |  |  |

Source: State Tax Research Institute, the Council on State Taxation and Ernst \& Young, LLP, October 2019. Rankings may appear to be equal due to rounding.

FLORIDA'S HISTORIC RANK

| Year | Rank | Amount | \% of US Avg. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2018 | 9 | $53.3 \%$ | $122.5 \%$ |
| 2017 | 9 | $53.6 \%$ | $122.7 \%$ |
| 2016 | 12 | $51.7 \%$ | $117.8 \%$ |
| 2015 | 13 | $51.6 \%$ | $117.0 \%$ |
| 2009 | 19 | $49.7 \%$ | $109.5 \%$ |
| 2006 | 18 | $47.8 \%$ | $106.5 \%$ |

# STATE AND LOCAL <br> CELL PHONE TAX RATES 

as of July 2019

| 1 | Illinois | 22.14\% | 26 | Alabama | 10.91\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Washington | 19.71\% | 27 | Kentucky | 10.91\% |
| 3 | Nebraska | 19.02\% | 28 | Minnesota | 10.59\% |
| 4 | New York | 18.65\% | 29 | Massachusetts | 10.21\% |
| 5 | Utah | 16.50\% | 30 | West Virginia | 10.20\% |
| 6 | Arkansas | 16.39\% | 31 | Michigan | 9.91\% |
| 7 | Pennsylvania | 16.36\% | 32 | Mississippi | 9.77\% |
| 8 | Rhode Island | 15.33\% | 33 | lowa | 9.72\% |
| 9 | North Dakota | 15.11\% | 34 | Louisiana | 9.63\% |
| 10 | Kansas | 15.03\% | 35 | Maine | 9.06\% |
| 11 | Missouri | 14.91\% | 36 | New Jersey | 9.00\% |
| 12 | FLORIDA | 14.86\% | 37 | New Hampshire | 8.98\% |
| 13 | Maryland | 14.72\% | 38 | North Carolina | 8.93\% |
| 14 | Oklahoma | 14.50\% | 39 | Vermont | 8.90\% |
| 15 | South Dakota | 14.29\% | 40 | Wyoming | 8.79\% |
| 16 | Alaska | 13.94\% | 41 | Ohio | 8.51\% |
| 17 | California | 13.05\% | 42 | Connecticut | 7.88\% |
| 18 | New Mexico | 12.99\% | 43 | Hawaii | 7.79\% |
| 19 | Arizona | 12.63\% | 44 | Wisconsin | 7.71\% |
|  | U.S. Average | 12.60\% | 45 | Virginia | 6.98\% |
| 20 | Tennessee | 12.56\% | 46 | Montana | 6.66\% |
| 21 | South Carolina | 12.41\% | 47 | Delaware | 6.64\% |
| 22 | Indiana | 11.93\% | 48 | Nevada | 3.44\% |
| 23 | Colorado | 11.83\% | 49 | Idaho | 2.64\% |
| 24 | Texas | 11.81\% | 50 | Oregon | 2.27\% |
| 25 | Georgia | 11.78\% |  |  |  |

The local tax rate is calculated as the average of the tax in the largest city and the capital city.

Includes E911 fees.
Does not include federal tax of 9.05\%.
Rankings may appear to be equal due to rounding.
Source: Tax Foundation, November 2019. Based on methodology from the Council on State Taxation.
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## PER CAPITA STATE <br> OWN SOURCE* REVENUE <br> FY2018

| 1 | North Dakota | \$7,937 | 27 | Maine | \$4,340 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Hawaii | \$7,778 |  | U.S. Average | \$4,336 |
| 3 | Delaware | \$6,925 | 28 | Illinois | \$3,962 |
| 4 | Vermont | \$6,815 | 29 | Kentucky | \$3,888 |
| 5 | Connecticut | \$6,452 | 30 | Indiana | \$3,815 |
| 6 | Alaska | \$6,366 | 31 | Ohio | \$3,810 |
| 7 | Massachusetts | \$5,966 | 32 | Oklahoma | \$3,805 |
| 8 | Minnesota | \$5,860 | 33 | Colorado | \$3,800 |
| 9 | lowa | \$5,722 | 34 | Nebraska | \$3,752 |
| 10 | New York | \$5,681 | 35 | Montana | \$3,688 |
| 11 | Wyoming | \$5,600 | 36 | Alabama | \$3,677 |
| 12 | California | \$5,512 | 37 | Idaho | \$3,653 |
| 13 | New Jersey | \$5,419 | 38 | North Carolina | \$3,645 |
| 14 | Rhode Island | \$5,239 | 39 | Mississippi | \$3,640 |
| 15 | Oregon | \$5,205 | 40 | South Carolina | \$3,614 |
| 16 | Kansas | \$5,156 | 41 | Nevada | \$3,546 |
| 17 | Washington | \$4,881 | 42 | New Hampshire | \$3,528 |
| 18 | New Mexico | \$4,824 | 43 | Louisiana | \$3,339 |
| 19 | Maryland | \$4,822 | 44 | South Dakota | \$3,323 |
| 20 | Virginia | \$4,707 | 45 | Texas | \$3,177 |
| 21 | Wisconsin | \$4,619 | 46 | Arizona | \$3,115 |
| 22 | Pennsylvania | \$4,556 | 47 | Missouri | \$3,103 |
| 23 | Arkansas | \$4,500 | 48 | FLORIDA | \$3,008 |
| 24 | Michigan | \$4,496 | 49 | Georgia | \$2,853 |
| 25 | West Virginia | \$4,487 | 50 | Tennessee | \$2,731 |
| 26 | Utah | \$4,465 |  |  |  |

Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Rankings may appear to be equal due to rounding. *For a definition of Own Source Revenue see page 5.

FLORIDA'S HISTORIC RANK

| Year | Rank | Amount | \% of US Avg. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2018 | 48 | $\$ 3,008$ | $69.4 \%$ |
| 2017 | 48 | $\$ 2,803$ | $68.8 \%$ |
| 2016 | 50 | $\$ 2,584$ | $63.8 \%$ |
| 2015 | 48 | $\$ 2,650$ | $67.8 \%$ |
| 2009 | 46 | $\$ 2,463$ | $75.3 \%$ |
| 2006 | 41 | $\$ 2,736$ | $83.9 \%$ |

## PER CAPITA STATE <br> TAX COLLECTIONS

FY2019

| 1 | North Dakota | \$6,539 | 26 | Utah | \$3,135 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Hawaii | \$5,787 | 27 | Virginia | \$3,086 |
| 3 | Vermont | \$5,493 | 28 | Michigan | \$3,031 |
| 4 | Connecticut | \$5,043 | 29 | Indiana | \$3,004 |
| 5 | Minnesota | \$5,011 | 30 | Nebraska | \$2,982 |
| 6 | California | \$4,767 | 31 | Montana | \$2,976 |
| 7 | Delaware | \$4,740 | 32 | Kentucky | \$2,889 |
| 8 | New York | \$4,700 | 33 | North Carolina | \$2,809 |
| 9 | Massachusetts | \$4,618 | 34 | Mississippi | \$2,783 |
| 10 | New Jersey | \$4,372 | 35 | Colorado | \$2,772 |
| 11 | Maryland | \$3,908 | 36 | Idaho | \$2,761 |
| 12 | Washington | \$3,698 | 37 | Oklahoma | \$2,718 |
| 13 | Wyoming | \$3,651 | 38 | Ohio | \$2,580 |
| 14 | New Mexico | \$3,546 | 39 | Louisiana | \$2,524 |
| 15 | Rhode Island | \$3,517 | 40 | Arizona | \$2,516 |
| 16 | Maine | \$3,484 | 41 | Alaska | \$2,428 |
| 17 | Wisconsin | \$3,446 | 42 | Alabama | \$2,365 |
| 18 | Kansas | \$3,444 | 43 | Georgia | \$2,339 |
| 19 | Arkansas | \$3,390 | 44 | South Dakota | \$2,201 |
| 20 | Pennsylvania | \$3,369 | 45 | Texas | \$2,198 |
| 21 | lowa | \$3,358 | 46 | South Carolina | \$2,193 |
| 22 | Illinois | \$3,347 | 47 | New Hampshire | \$2,189 |
| 23 | Oregon | \$3,324 | 48 | Tennessee | \$2,180 |
|  | U.S. Average | \$3,310 | 49 | Missouri | \$2,150 |
| 24 | West Virginia | \$3,302 | 50 | FLORIDA | \$2,097 |
| 25 | Nevada | \$3,191 |  |  |  |

Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Rankings may appear to be equal due to rounding.

FLORIDA'S HISTORIC RANK

| Year | Rank | Amount | \% of US Avg. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2019 | 50 | $\$ 2,097$ | $63.3 \%$ |
| 2018 | 50 | $\$ 2,035$ | $64.0 \%$ |
| 2016 | 49 | $\$ 1,839$ | $64.2 \%$ |
| 2015 | 49 | $\$ 1,855$ | $65.1 \%$ |
| 2009 | 41 | 1,729 | $74.3 \%$ |
| 2006 | 31 | 2,219 | $92.3 \%$ |

## GROWTH IN STATE TAX COLLECTIONS <br> FY2009 - FY2019

| 1 | North Dakota | 105.83\% | 26 | Nebraska | 43.84\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Oregon | 96.20\% | 27 | Pennsylvania | 43.43\% |
| 3 | California | 86.36\% | 28 | New Jersey | 42.88\% |
| 4 | Utah | 83.82\% | 29 | North Carolina | 42.83\% |
| 5 | Colorado | 82.77\% | 30 | Tennessee | 42.11\% |
| 6 | Hawaii | 74.16\% | 31 | New York | 41.49\% |
| 7 | Nevada | 73.65\% | 32 | FLORIDA | 39.77\% |
| 8 | Washington | 70.61\% | 33 | New Hampshire | 39.69\% |
| 9 | Minnesota | 64.18\% | 34 | Alabama | 39.37\% |
| 10 | Delaware | 64.18\% | 35 | Wisconsin | 38.70\% |
| 11 | Arizona | 63.13\% | 36 | Vermont | 36.83\% |
| 12 | Massachusetts | 61.59\% | 37 | Arkansas | 36.83\% |
| 13 | Virginia | 58.28\% | 38 | Indiana | 35.36\% |
| 14 | Illinois | 55.03\% | 39 | Maine | 33.98\% |
| 15 | Maryland | 54.43\% | 40 | Michigan | 33.01\% |
| 16 | New Mexico | 54.19\% | 41 | Kentucky | 32.39\% |
| 17 | Idaho | 53.97\% | 42 | Montana | 31.62\% |
| 18 | Georgia | 53.71\% | 43 | Oklahoma | 31.00\% |
|  | U.S. Average | 51.59\% | 44 | Missouri | 28.29\% |
| 19 | Texas | 51.58\% | 45 | Mississippi | 27.71\% |
| 20 | lowa | 51.52\% | 46 | Ohio | 26.03\% |
| 21 | Kansas | 49.82\% | 47 | West Virginia | 24.04\% |
| 22 | Connecticut | 47.97\% | 48 | Louisiana | 15.16\% |
| 23 | South Carolina | 46.94\% | 49 | Wyoming | -23.63\% |
| 24 | South Dakota | 44.62\% | 50 | Alaska | -64.06\% |
| 25 | Rhode Island | 44.00\% |  |  |  |

Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Rankings may appear to be equal due to rounding.

## PERCENTAGE OF STATE TAX COLLECTIONS BY SOURCE FY2019

## FLORIDA



## UNITED STATES



Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Figures may not add to 100\% due to rounding.

* All-state averages include Florida.


## PER CAPITA STATE <br> TRANSACTION TAX COLLECTIONS <br> FY2019

| 1 | Hawaii | \$3,569 | 26 | Illinois | \$1,538 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Washington | \$2,824 | 27 | California | \$1,525 |
| 3 | Nevada | \$2,566 | 28 | Wisconsin | \$1,453 |
| 4 | Connecticut | \$2,182 | 29 | Arizona | \$1,447 |
| 5 | North Dakota | \$2,057 | 30 | Michigan | \$1,437 |
| 6 | Minnesota | \$1,986 | 31 | Idaho | \$1,433 |
| 7 | Indiana | \$1,874 | 32 | Kentucky | \$1,414 |
| 8 | Texas | \$1,871 | 33 | New York | \$1,397 |
| 9 | South Dakota | \$1,831 | 34 | Massachusetts | \$1,388 |
| 10 | New Jersey | \$1,806 | 35 | Louisiana | \$1,375 |
| 11 | Vermont | \$1,800 | 36 | Nebraska | \$1,337 |
| 12 | New Mexico | \$1,759 | 37 | Utah | \$1,276 |
| 13 | Mississippi | \$1,757 | 38 | North Carolina | \$1,227 |
| 14 | Maine | \$1,735 | 39 | Oklahoma | \$1,176 |
| 15 | Pennsylvania | \$1,730 | 40 | Alabama | \$1,148 |
| 16 | Rhode Island | \$1,729 | 41 | Colorado | \$1,046 |
| 17 | FLORIDA | \$1,708 | 42 | South Carolina | \$1,024 |
| 18 | Wyoming | \$1,650 | 43 | Virginia | \$1,009 |
| 19 | Maryland | \$1,638 | 44 | Missouri | \$905 |
| 20 | Arkansas | \$1,633 | 45 | Georgia | \$900 |
| 21 | West Virginia | \$1,623 | 46 | New Hampshire | \$732 |
| 22 | Ohio | \$1,586 | 47 | Montana | \$623 |
| 23 | Tennessee | \$1,578 | 48 | Delaware | \$621 |
| 24 | Kansas | \$1,553 | 49 | Oregon | \$444 |
| 25 | lowa | \$1,541 | 50 | Alaska | \$380 |
|  | U.S. Average | \$1,540 |  |  |  |

Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Rankings may appear to be equal due to rounding.

FLORIDA'S HISTORIC RANK

| Year | Rank | Amount | \% of US Avg. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2019 | 17 | $\$ 1,708$ | $110.9 \%$ |
| 2018 | 14 | $\$ 1,680$ | $112.4 \%$ |
| 2016 | 18 | $\$ 1,487$ | $108.9 \%$ |
| 2015 | 14 | $\$ 1,512$ | $112.3 \%$ |
| 2009 | 7 | $\$ 1,455$ | $130.2 \%$ |
| 2006 | 4 | $\$ 1,687$ | $148.8 \%$ |

## PER CAPITA STATE <br> GENERAL SALES TAX COLLECTIONS <br> FY2019

| 1 | Hawaii | \$2,686 | 26 | Massachusetts | \$992 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Washington | \$2,199 | 27 | Wisconsin | \$979 |
| 3 | Nevada | \$1,801 | 28 | Michigan | \$963 |
| 4 | North Dakota | \$1,386 | 29 | Illinois | \$946 |
| 5 | New Mexico | \$1,367 | 30 | Pennsylvania | \$918 |
| 6 | Wyoming | \$1,332 | 31 | Kentucky | \$893 |
| 7 | Texas | \$1,323 | 32 | Utah | \$891 |
| 8 | FLORIDA | \$1,311 | 33 | West Virginia | \$831 |
| 9 | South Dakota | \$1,298 | 34 | North Carolina | \$811 |
| 10 | Connecticut | \$1,286 | 35 | Maryland | \$809 |
| 11 | Mississippi | \$1,253 | 36 | Louisiana | \$803 |
| 12 | New Jersey | \$1,221 | 37 | New York | \$789 |
| 13 | Indiana | \$1,205 | 38 | Oklahoma | \$778 |
| 14 | Maine | \$1,202 | 39 | South Carolina | \$677 |
| 15 | Arkansas | \$1,186 | 40 | Vermont | \$661 |
| 16 | Arizona | \$1,158 | 41 | Virginia | \$641 |
| 17 | Tennessee | \$1,154 | 42 | Missouri | \$609 |
| 18 | Kansas | \$1,145 | 43 | Alabama | \$595 |
| 19 | Minnesota | \$1,104 | 44 | Georgia | \$592 |
| 20 | Ohio | \$1,086 | 45 | Colorado | \$590 |
| 21 | lowa | \$1,080 | 46 | Alaska | No Tax |
| 22 | Idaho | \$1,079 | 47 | Delaware | No Tax |
| 23 | Rhode Island | \$1,058 | 48 | Montana | No Tax |
| 24 | California | \$1,052 | 49 | New Hampshire | No Tax |
|  | U.S. Average | \$1,022 | 50 | Oregon | No Tax |
| 25 | Nebraska | \$1,019 |  |  |  |

Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Rankings may appear to be equal due to rounding.

FLORIDA'S HISTORIC RANK

| Year | Rank | Amount | \% of US Avg. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2019 | 8 | $\$ 1,311$ | $128.3 \%$ |
| 2018 | 5 | $\$ 1,259$ | $127.6 \%$ |
| 2016 | 12 | $\$ 1,089$ | $121.1 \%$ |
| 2015 | 11 | $\$ 1,086$ | $121.6 \%$ |
| 2009 | 4 | $\$ 1,037$ | $140.1 \%$ |
| 2006 | 4 | $\$ 1,261$ | $163.7 \%$ |

## PER CAPITA STATE <br> SELECTIVE SALES TAX COLLECTIONS

FY2019

| 1 | Vermont | \$1,139 | 26 | Ohio | \$500 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Connecticut | \$896 | 27 | Michigan | \$474 |
| 3 | Hawaii | \$884 | 28 | California | \$473 |
| 4 | Minnesota | \$883 | 29 | Wisconsin | \$473 |
| 5 | Maryland | \$829 | 30 | lowa | \$461 |
| 6 | Pennsylvania | \$812 | 31 | Colorado | \$457 |
| 7 | West Virginia | \$792 | 32 | Arkansas | \$447 |
| 8 | Nevada | \$765 | 33 | Oregon | \$444 |
| 9 | New Hampshire | \$732 | 34 | Tennessee | \$424 |
| 10 | North Dakota | \$672 | 35 | North Carolina | \$416 |
| 11 | Rhode Island | \$671 | 36 | Kansas | \$408 |
| 12 | Indiana | \$669 | 37 | Oklahoma | \$398 |
| 13 | Washington | \$624 | 38 | FLORIDA | \$397 |
| 14 | Montana | \$623 | 39 | Massachusetts | \$395 |
| 15 | Delaware | \$621 | 40 | New Mexico | \$392 |
| 16 | New York | \$608 | 41 | Utah | \$385 |
| 17 | Illinois | \$592 | 42 | Alaska | \$380 |
| 18 | New Jersey | \$585 | 43 | Virginia | \$368 |
| 19 | Louisiana | \$572 | 44 | Idaho | \$353 |
| 20 | Alabama | \$553 | 45 | South Carolina | \$347 |
| 21 | Texas | \$548 | 46 | Nebraska | \$318 |
| 22 | South Dakota | \$533 | 47 | Wyoming | \$318 |
| 23 | Maine | \$533 | 48 | Georgia | \$309 |
| 24 | Kentucky | \$521 | 49 | Missouri | \$296 |
|  | U.S. Average | \$517 | 50 | Arizona | \$289 |
| 25 | Mississippi | \$504 |  |  |  |

Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Rankings may appear to be equal due to rounding.

FLORIDA'S HISTORIC RANK

| Year | Rank | Amount | \% of US Avg. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2019 | 38 | $\$ 397$ | $76.8 \%$ |
| 2018 | 34 | $\$ 421$ | $83.2 \%$ |
| 2016 | 33 | $\$ 398$ | $85.6 \%$ |
| 2015 | 28 | $\$ 425$ | $93.8 \%$ |
| 2009 | 22 | $\$ 418$ | $110.6 \%$ |
| 2006 | 19 | $\$ 426$ | $117.1 \%$ |

## PER CAPITA STATE <br> PERSONAL INCOME TAX COLLECTIONS

FY2019

| 1 | New York | \$2,786 | 26 | Missouri | \$1,075 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | California | \$2,535 | 27 | Pennsylvania | \$1,056 |
| 3 | Massachusetts | \$2,490 | 28 | Kentucky | \$1,037 |
| 4 | Connecticut | \$2,370 | 29 | Michigan | \$1,017 |
| 5 | Oregon | \$2,345 | 30 | Arkansas | \$1,000 |
| 6 | Minnesota | \$2,205 | 31 | Idaho | \$943 |
| 7 | Hawaii | \$1,811 | 32 | South Carolina | \$930 |
| 8 | Delaware | \$1,796 | 33 | Oklahoma | \$903 |
| 9 | New Jersey | \$1,790 | 34 | Indiana | \$902 |
| 10 | Virginia | \$1,746 | 35 | Alabama | \$857 |
| 11 | Maryland | \$1,667 | 36 | Louisiana | \$824 |
| 12 | Utah | \$1,566 | 37 | Ohio | \$797 |
| 13 | Wisconsin | \$1,506 | 38 | New Mexico | \$759 |
| 14 | Colorado | \$1,427 | 39 | Arizona | \$742 |
| 15 | Vermont | \$1,379 | 40 | Mississippi | \$661 |
| 16 | Montana | \$1,327 | 41 | North Dakota | \$546 |
| 17 | Nebraska | \$1,319 | 42 | New Hampshire | \$90 |
| 18 | Illinois | \$1,303 | 43 | Tennessee | \$30 |
| 19 | lowa | \$1,300 | 44 | Alaska | No Tax |
| 20 | Rhode Island | \$1,300 | 45 | FLORIDA | No Tax |
| 21 | Kansas | \$1,297 | 46 | Nevada | No Tax |
| 22 | Maine | \$1,274 | 47 | South Dakota | No Tax |
| 23 | North Carolina | \$1,271 | 48 | Texas | No Tax |
|  | U.S. Average | \$1,255 | 49 | Washington | No Tax |
| 24 | West Virginia | \$1,166 | 50 | Wyoming | No Tax |
| 25 | Georgia | \$1,153 |  |  |  |

Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Rankings may appear to be equal due to rounding.

## PER CAPITA STATE <br> CORPORATE INCOME TAX COLLECTIONS

FY2019

| 1 | New Hampshire | \$613 | 26 | Utah | \$164 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | New Jersey | \$456 | 27 | Idaho | \$161 |
| 3 | Alaska | \$453 | 28 | FLORIDA | \$146 |
| 4 | Massachusetts | \$428 | 29 | Alabama | \$140 |
| 5 | California | \$349 | 30 | Colorado | \$139 |
| 6 | Minnesota | \$304 | 31 | Hawaii | \$134 |
| 7 | Delaware | \$299 | 32 | Kentucky | \$130 |
| 8 | Connecticut | \$252 | 33 | Georgia | \$120 |
| 9 | Tennessee | \$250 | 34 | Michigan | \$114 |
| 10 | Illinois | \$243 | 35 | Indiana | \$112 |
| 11 | Vermont | \$240 | 36 | West Virginia | \$111 |
| 12 | Wisconsin | \$235 | 37 | Virginia | \$108 |
| 13 | Pennsylvania | \$231 | 38 | Louisiana | \$106 |
| 14 | New York | \$223 | 39 | New Mexico | \$97 |
| 15 | Nebraska | \$220 | 40 | North Carolina | \$80 |
| 16 | Oregon | \$217 | 41 | South Carolina | \$77 |
| 17 | Maryland | \$215 | 42 | Oklahoma | \$77 |
| 18 | North Dakota | \$193 | 43 | Arizona | \$71 |
| 19 | Maine | \$188 | 44 | Missouri | \$60 |
| 20 | Arkansas | \$177 | 45 | South Dakota | \$53 |
|  | U.S. Average | \$176 | 46 | Ohio | \$1 |
| 21 | Montana | \$174 | 47 | Nevada | No Tax |
| 22 | lowa | \$170 | 48 | Texas | No Tax |
| 23 | Kansas | \$167 | 49 | Washington | No Tax |
| 24 | Rhode Island | \$167 | 50 | Wyoming | No Tax |
| 25 | Mississippi | \$166 |  |  |  |

Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Rankings may appear to be equal due to rounding.

FLORIDA'S HISTORIC RANK

| Year | Rank | Amount | \% of US Avg. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2019 | 28 | $\$ 146$ | $83.0 \%$ |
| 2018 | 29 | $\$ 115$ | $78.4 \%$ |
| 2016 | 34 | $\$ 111$ | $77.2 \%$ |
| 2015 | 34 | $\$ 112$ | $73.7 \%$ |
| 2009 | 28 | $\$ 99$ | $77.3 \%$ |
| 2006 | 31 | $\$ 133$ | $83.5 \%$ |

## STATE CORPORATE INCOME TAX RATES

As of January 1, 2020


* Florida's rate was deceased in a effort to make federal corporate tax reform revenue neutral. Scheduled to return to 5.5 in 2022.

Indiana's rate will decrease to 5.25 percent on July 1, 2020. Nevada, Ohio, Texas, and Washington do not levy a coprorate income tax but do levy a gross receipts tax. Delaware and Virginia levy both a corporate income tax and a gross receipts tax.

Source: National Federation of Tax Administrators, Tax Foundation, and Florida TaxWatch, October 2020.

## PER CAPITA STATE LICENSE TAX COLLECTIONS

 FY2019| 1 | Delaware | \$1,841 |  | U.S. Average | \$180 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Montana | \$365 | 27 | Massachusetts | \$174 |
| 3 | Wyoming | \$361 | 28 | Mississippi | \$172 |
| 4 | New Hampshire | \$343 | 29 | New Mexico | \$159 |
| 5 | lowa | \$314 | 30 | Maryland | \$151 |
| 6 | South Dakota | \$310 | 31 | Kansas | \$149 |
| 7 | North Dakota | \$301 | 32 | West Virginia | \$134 |
| 8 | Tennessee | \$281 | 33 | Arkansas | \$134 |
| 9 | California | \$280 | 34 | Texas | \$127 |
| 10 | Oregon | \$270 | 35 | South Carolina | \$127 |
| 11 | Minnesota | \$266 | 36 | Colorado | \$122 |
| 12 | Oklahoma | \$265 | 37 | Kentucky | \$119 |
| 13 | Washington | \$231 | 38 | Connecticut | \$115 |
| 14 | Nevada | \$230 | 39 | Indiana | \$114 |
| 15 | North Carolina | \$223 | 40 | Utah | \$114 |
| 16 | Idaho | \$219 | 41 | Alabama | \$114 |
| 17 | Illinois | \$219 | 42 | Rhode Island | \$110 |
| 18 | Alaska | \$218 | 43 | Virginia | \$105 |
| 19 | Wisconsin | \$218 | 44 | Missouri | \$103 |
| 20 | Maine | \$217 | 45 | FLORIDA | \$99 |
| 21 | Pennsylvania | \$217 | 46 | Nebraska | \$96 |
| 22 | Michigan | \$203 | 47 | Louisiana | \$94 |
| 23 | Vermont | \$202 | 48 | New York | \$93 |
| 24 | Hawaii | \$198 | 49 | Arizona | \$80 |
| 25 | New Jersey | \$192 | 50 | Georgia | \$67 |
| 26 | Ohio | \$191 |  |  |  |

Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Rankings may appear to be equal due to rounding.

FLORIDA'S HISTORIC RANK

| Year | Rank | Amount | \% of US Avg. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2019 | 45 | $\$ 99$ | $55.0 \%$ |
| 2018 | 44 | $\$ 100$ | $57.2 \%$ |
| 2016 | 38 | $\$ 110$ | $67.9 \%$ |
| 2015 | 39 | $\$ 107$ | $65.6 \%$ |
| 2009 | 42 | $\$ 98$ | $61.3 \%$ |
| 2006 | 37 | $\$ 105$ | $69.6 \%$ |

## PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL LICENSE TAXES BY SOURCE FY2019

## FLORIDA



## UNITED STATES



DRIVER LICENSES

[^1]
## PER CAPITA DOCUMENTARY STAMP \& STOCK TRANSFER TAX COLLECTIONS <br> FY2019

| 1 | Delaware | \$179.21 | 26 | West Virginia | \$7.22 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Washington | \$154.03 | 27 | lowa | \$7.03 |
| 3 | FLORIDA | \$142.05 | 28 | Illinois | \$6.40 |
| 4 | New Hampshire | \$108.92 | 29 | Oklahoma | \$5.45 |
| 5 | Rhode Island | \$69.26 | 30 | Arizona | \$2.62 |
| 6 | New Jersey | \$69.21 | 31 | Missouri | \$2.06 |
| 7 | New York | \$65.55 | 32 | Kentucky | \$0.75 |
| 8 | Vermont | \$61.89 | 33 | Oregon | \$0.47 |
| 9 | Hawaii | \$61.64 | 34 | South Dakota | \$0.21 |
| 10 | Connecticut | \$59.16 | 35 | Georgia | \$- |
| 11 | Virginia | \$52.00 | 36 | Alaska | No Tax |
| 12 | Pennsylvania | \$51.22 | 37 | California | No Tax |
| 13 | Massachusetts | \$49.59 | 38 | Colorado | No Tax |
| 14 | Minnesota | \$44.79 | 39 | Idaho | No Tax |
| 15 | Tennessee | \$39.02 | 40 | Indiana | No Tax |
| 16 | Michigan | \$38.17 | 41 | Kansas | No Tax |
| 17 | Maryland | \$36.09 | 42 | Louisiana | No Tax |
| 18 | Nevada | \$35.66 | 43 | Mississippi | No Tax |
|  | U.S. Average | \$30.95 | 44 | Montana | No Tax |
| 19 | Maine | \$27.40 | 45 | New Mexico | No Tax |
| 20 | South Carolina | \$26.12 | 46 | North Dakota | No Tax |
| 21 | Arkansas | \$15.47 | 47 | Ohio | No Tax |
| 22 | Wisconsin | \$13.31 | 48 | Texas | No Tax |
| 23 | Alabama | \$9.80 | 49 | Utah | No Tax |
| 24 | Nebraska | \$9.30 | 50 | Wyoming | No Tax |
| 25 | North Carolina | \$8.38 |  |  |  |

Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Rankings may appear to be equal due to rounding.

FLORIDA'S HISTORIC RANK

| Year | Rank | Amount | \% of US Avg. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2019 | 3 | $\$ 142$ | $459.0 \%$ |
| 2018 | 3 | $\$ 138$ | $463.5 \%$ |
| 2016 | 2 | $\$ 130$ | $481.5 \%$ |
| 2015 | 1 | $\$ 123$ | $502.7 \%$ |
| 2009 | 1 | $\$ 72$ | $444.4 \%$ |
| 2006 | 1 | $\$ 276$ | $690.3 \%$ |

## STATE CIGARETTE TAX RATES

(CENTS PER PACK)
as of January 1, 2020

| 1 | Connecticut | 435 | 26 | Ohio | 160 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | New York | 435 | 27 | South Dakota | 153 |
| 3 | Rhode Island | 425 | 28 | Texas | 141 |
| 4 | Massachusetts | 351 | 29 | lowa | 136 |
| 5 | Hawaii | 320 | 30 | FLORIDA | 133.9 |
| 6 | Vermont | 308 | 31 | Oregon | 133 |
| 7 | Minnesota ${ }^{1}$ | 304 | 32 | Kansas | 129 |
| 8 | Washington | 302.5 | 33 | West Virginia | 120 |
| 9 | Illinois | 298 | 34 | Arkansas | 115 |
| 10 | California | 287 | 35 | Kentucky | 110 |
| 11 | New Jersey | 270 | 36 | Louisiana | 108 |
| 12 | Pennsylvania | 260 | 37 | Indiana | 99.5 |
| 13 | Wisconsin | 252 | 38 | Colorado | 84 |
| 14 | Delaware | 210 | 39 | Mississippi | 68 |
| 15 | Oklahoma | 203 | 40 | Alabama | 67.5 |
| 15 | Alaska | 200 | 41 | Nebraska | 64 |
| 15 | Arizona | 200 | 42 | Tennessee | 62 |
| 15 | Maine | 200 | 43 | Wyoming | 60 |
| 15 | Maryland | 200 | 44 | Idaho | 57 |
| 20 | Michigan | 200 | 44 | South Carolina | 57 |
| 21 | New Mexico | 200 | 46 | North Carolina | 45 |
| 22 | Nevada | 180 | 47 | North Dakota | 44 |
| 23 | New Hampshire | 178 | 48 | Georgia | 37 |
| 23 | Montana | 170 | 49 | Virginia | 30 |
| 25 | Utah | 170 | 50 | Missouri | 17 |
|  | U. S. Median | 165 |  |  |  |

1 - MN also imposes a cigarette sales tax of 61.0 cents, which is adjusted annually by CPI.

Alabama, Illinois, Missouri, New York City, Tennessee, and Virginia have local cigarette taxes.

Tax rates based on a standard 20 cigarette pack. Federal Tax - 101 cents a pack.
Source: Florida TaxWatch from Federation of Tax Administrators data, October 2020.

STATE TAX RATES ON BEER
(DOLLARS PER GALLON)
as of January 1, 2020

| 1 | Tennessee ${ }^{2}$ | \$1.29 | 24 | Washington | \$0.26 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Alaska | \$1.07 | 27 | Connecticut | \$0.23 |
| 3 | Alabama ${ }^{4}$ | \$1.05 | 27 | Illinois | \$0.23 |
| 4 | Georgia ${ }^{4}$ | \$1.01 | 29 | California | \$0.20 |
| 5 | Hawaii | \$0.93 | 29 | Michigan | \$0.20 |
| 6 | Kentucky ${ }^{2}$ | \$0.85 | 29 | Texas | \$0.20 |
| 7 | South Carolina | \$0.77 | 32 | lowa | \$0.19 |
| 8 | North Carolina | \$0.62 | 33 | Kansas | \$0.18 |
| 9 | Maryland ${ }^{3}$ | \$0.55 | 33 | Ohio | \$0.18 |
| 10 | Minnesota ${ }^{3}$ | \$0.51 | 33 | West Virginia | \$0.18 |
| 11 | FLORIDA | \$0.48 | 36 | Arizona | \$0.16 |
| 12 | North Dakota | \$0.45 | 36 | Nevada | \$0.16 |
| 13 | Mississippi | \$0.43 | 38 | Idaho | \$0.15 |
| 14 | New Mexico | \$0.41 | 39 | New York | \$0.14 |
| 14 | Utah | \$0.41 | 39 | Montana | \$0.14 |
| 16 | Louisiana | \$0.40 | 41 | Indiana | \$0.12 |
| 16 | Oklahoma | \$0.40 | 41 | New Jersey | \$0.12 |
| 18 | Maine | \$0.35 | 41 | Rhode Island ${ }^{1}$ | \$0.12 |
| 19 | Arkansas ${ }^{1,3}$ | \$0.34 | 44 | Massachusetts | \$0.11 |
| 20 | Nebraska | \$0.31 | 45 | Colorado | \$0.08 |
| 21 | New Hampshire | \$0.30 | 45 | Oregon | \$0.08 |
| 22 | South Dakota | \$0.27 | 45 | Pennsylvania | \$0.08 |
| 22 | Vermont | \$0.27 | 48 | Missouri | \$0.06 |
| 24 | Delaware | \$0.26 | 48 | Wisconsin | \$0.06 |
| 24 | Virginia | \$0.26 | 50 | Wyoming | \$0.02 |
|  | U.S. Median | \$0.26 |  |  |  |

Source: Distilled Spirits Council of the US, Tax Foundation, July, 2020.
Note: Rates are those applicable to off-premises sales of 4.7\% alcohol by volume distilled in 12 ounce containers. Does not include the federal tax of up to 58 cents per gallon.

1 Includes case fees and/or bottle fees which may vary with the size of container.
2 Includes the wholesale tax rate in Kentucky (10\%) and Tennessee (17\%), converted into a gallonage excise tax rate.

3 Includes sales taxes specific to alcohol beverages
4 Includes the statewide local rate in Alabama (\$0.52) and Georgia (\$0.53).

## STATE TAX RATES ON SPIRITS (DOLLARS PER GALLON)

as of January 1, 2020

|  | License States |  |  | Control States ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Washington ${ }^{5,6}$ | \$33.22 | 1 | Oregon | \$21.95 |
| 2 | Alaska ${ }^{2}$ | \$12.80 | 2 | Virginia | \$19.89 |
| 3 | Minnesota ${ }^{3,5}$ | \$9.01 | 3 | Alabama | \$19.11 |
| 4 | Illinois ${ }^{2}$ | \$8.55 | 4 | Utah | \$15.92 |
| 5 | Kentucky ${ }^{4}$ | \$8.33 | 5 | North Carolina | \$14.58 |
| 6 | Arkansas ${ }^{3,5}$ | \$8.41 | 6 | lowa | \$13.03 |
| 7 | FLORIDA ${ }^{2}$ | \$6.50 | 7 | Maine | \$11.96 |
| 8 | New York ${ }^{2}$ | \$6.44 | 8 | Michigan | \$11.95 |
| 9 | New Mexico | \$6.06 |  | Control Median | \$10.91 |
| 10 | Hawaii | \$5.98 | 9 | Idaho | \$10.91 |
| 11 | Oklahoma | \$5.56 | 10 | Ohio | \$9.83 |
| 12 | New Jersey | \$5.50 | 11 | Montana | \$9.75 |
| 13 | South Carolina ${ }^{3}$ | \$5.42 | 12 | Mississippi | \$8.11 |
| 14 | Connecticut ${ }^{2}$ | \$5.40 | 13 | Vermont | \$7.68 |
| 14 | Rhode Island ${ }^{2}$ | \$5.40 | 14 | West Virginia | \$7.62 |
| 16 | Maryland ${ }^{2,5}$ | \$5.03 | 15 | Pennsylvania | \$7.21 |
| 17 | North Dakota ${ }^{2,5}$ | \$5.12 | 16 | New Hampshire | No Tax |
|  | License Median | \$5.12 | 16 | Wyoming | No Tax |
| 18 | South Dakota ${ }^{2,5}$ | \$4.67 | Source: Distilled Spirits Council of the US, and the Tax Foundation, June 2020. |  |  |
| 19 | Delaware ${ }^{2}$ | \$4.50 |  |  |  |
| 20 | Tennessee ${ }^{3}$ | \$4.46 | Note: Rates are those applicable to off-premise sales of $40 \%$ alcohol by volume distilled spirits in 750 ml containers |  |  |
| 21 | Massachusetts ${ }^{2}$ | \$4.05 |  |  |  |
| 22 | Georgia ${ }^{2}$ | \$3.79 | Does not inlcude the tiered federal tax of $\$ 2.70$ to $\$ 13.50$ per gallon. |  |  |
| 23 | Nebraska | \$3.75 | 1 In control states (where government controls sales) products are subject to ad valorem and excise taxes. |  |  |
| 24 | Nevada ${ }^{2}$ | \$3.60 |  |  |  |
| 25 | California ${ }^{2}$ | \$3.30 | 2 Different rates also applicable according to alcohol content, place of production, size of container, place purchased. |  |  |
| 26 | Wisconsin | \$3.25 |  |  |  |
| 27 | Louisiana ${ }^{2}$ | \$3.03 | 3 Includes case fees and/or bottle fees which may vary with the size of container. |  |  |
| 28 | Arizona | \$3.00 |  |  |  |
| 29 | Indiana ${ }^{2}$ | \$2.68 | 4 Includes the wholesale tax rate of $11 \%$, converted into a gallonage excise tax rate. |  |  |
| 29 | Kansas | \$2.50 | 5 Includes sales taxes specific alcoholic beverage. |  |  |
| 31 | Texas ${ }^{2}$ | \$2.40 |  |  |  |
| 32 | Colorado | \$2.28 | 6 Includes the retail ( $17 \%$ ) and distributor ( $5 / 10 \%$ ) license fees, converted into a. gallonage excise tax rate. |  |  |
| 33 | Missouri | \$2.00 |  |  |  |

## STATE TAX RATES ON TABLE WINE (DOLLARS PER GALLON)

as of January 1, 2020

| 1 | Kentucky ${ }^{2}$ | \$3.30 | 26 | Arizona | \$0.84 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Alaska | \$2.50 | 27 | Louisiana | \$0.76 |
| 3 | FLORIDA | \$2.25 | 28 | Connecticut | \$0.72 |
| 4 | lowa | \$1.75 | 28 | Oklahoma | \$0.72 |
| 5 | Alabama | \$1.70 | 30 | Nevada | \$0.70 |
| 5 | New Mexico | \$1.70 | 31 | Oregon | \$0.67 |
| 7 | Delaware | \$1.63 | 32 | Maine | \$0.60 |
| 8 | Georgia | \$1.51 | 33 | Massachusetts | \$0.55 |
| 8 | Virginia | \$1.51 | 33 | Vermont | \$0.55 |
| 10 | Maryland ${ }^{3}$ | \$1.48 | 35 | Michigan | \$0.51 |
| 11 | Arkansas ${ }^{1,3}$ | \$1.41 | 36 | Indiana | \$0.47 |
| 12 | Rhode Island | \$1.40 | 37 | Idaho | \$0.45 |
| 13 | Illinois | \$1.39 | 38 | Missouri | \$0.42 |
| 14 | Hawaii | \$1.38 | 39 | Ohio | \$0.32 |
| 15 | South Dakota ${ }^{3}$ | \$1.31 | 39 | Colorado | \$0.32 |
| 16 | Tennessee ${ }^{1}$ | \$1.27 | 41 | Kansas | \$0.30 |
| 17 | Minnesota ${ }^{1,3}$ | \$1.22 | 41 | New York | \$0.30 |
| 17 | North Dakota | \$1.22 | 43 | Wisconsin | \$0.25 |
| 19 | South Carolina | \$1.08 | 44 | Texas | \$0.20 |
| 20 | Montana | \$1.06 | 44 | California | \$0.20 |
| 21 | North Carolina | \$1.00 |  | Mississippi | N/A |
| 21 | West Virginia | \$1.00 |  | New Hampshire | N/A |
| 23 | Nebraska | \$0.95 |  | Pennsylvania | N/A |
|  | U.S. Median | \$0.95 |  | Utah | N/A |
| 24 | New Jersey | \$0.88 |  | Wyoming | N/A |
| 25 | Washington | \$0.87 |  |  |  |

Note: Rates are those applicable to off-premises sales of $11 \%$ alcohol by volume distilled in 750 ml containers. Does not include the federal tax of up to $\$ 3.15$ per gallon ( $\$ 3.40$ for sparkling wine).

1 Includes case fees and/or bottle fees which may vary with the size of container.
2 Includes the wholesale tax rate of $10 \%$, converted into a gallonage excise tax rate.

3 Includes sales taxes specific to alcohol beverage
N/A - Control states, where products may be subject to ad valorem

# STATE TAXES ON CANDY \& SOFT DRINKS 

as of January 1, 2020

|  | Not treated as groceries, which are exempt from sales tax in that state Treated as groceries, which are not exempt from sales tax in that state Groceries taxed at lower than standard sales tax rate in that state |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Indiana | 7.00\% | 26 | Colorado | 2.90\% |
| 1 | Mississippi | 7.00\% | 27 | Virginia | 2.50\% |
| 1 | Rhode Island | 7.00\% | 28 | Utah | 1.75\% |
| 4 | Minnesota | 6.875\% | 29 | Missouri | 1.225\% |
| 5 | New Jersey | 6.625\% | 30 | California* | ex/8.25\% |
| 6 | Arkansas** | 6.50\% | 31 | Washington* | ex/6.5\% |
| 6 | Kansas | 6.50\% | 32 | Pennsylvania* | ex/6.0\% |
| 8 | Connecticut | 6.35\% | 32 | West Virginia* | ex/6.0\% |
| 8 | Illinois** | 6.25\% | 34 | Ohio* | ex/5.75\% |
| 8 | Texas | 6.25\% | 35 | Arizona | exempt |
| 10 | FLORIDA | 6.00\% | 35 | Georgia | exempt |
| 10 | Idaho | 6.00\% | 35 | Louisiana | exempt |
| 10 | lowa | 6.00\% | 35 | Massachusetts | exempt |
| 10 | Kentucky | 6.00\% | 35 | Michigan | exempt |
| 10 | Maryland | 6.00\% | 35 | Nebraska | exempt |
| 16 | Maine | 5.50\% | 35 | Nevada | exempt |
| 17 | North Dakota | 5.00\% | 35 | New Mexico | exempt |
| 17 | Wisconsin | 5.00\% | 35 | South Carolina | exempt |
| 19 | North Carolina | 4.75\% | 35 | Vermont | exempt |
| 20 | Oklahoma | 4.50\% | 35 | Wyoming | exempt |
| 20 | South Dakota | 4.50\% |  | Alaska | No Sales Tax |
| 22 | Alabama | 4.00\% |  | Delaware | No Sales Tax |
| 22 | Hawaii | 4.00\% |  | Montana | No Sales Tax |
| 22 | New York | 4.00\% |  | New Hampshire | No Sales Tax |
| 22 | Tennessee ${ }^{* * *}$ | 4.00\% |  | Oregon | No Sales Tax |

*States which treat candy and soft drinks differently, candy exempt, soft drinks taxed at sales tax rate
** Taxes groceries at lower rate, candy and soft drinks at standard sales tax rate.
*** Soda taxed as groceries (4\%), candy taxed at regular sales tax (7\%)
Source: Florida TaxWatch from Tax Foundation and Bloomberg Tax data,
February 2020.
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## PER CAPITA LOCAL <br> OWN SOURCE REVENUE*

FY2018

| 1 | New York | \$6,851 | 26 | Louisiana | \$3,030 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Wyoming | \$4,889 | 27 | South Dakota | \$2,980 |
| 3 | California | \$4,307 | 28 | Missouri | \$2,963 |
| 4 | Alaska | \$4,191 | 29 | North Carolina | \$2,895 |
| 5 | New Jersey | \$4,186 | 30 | Nevada | \$2,869 |
| 6 | Colorado | \$4,171 | 31 | Maine | \$2,849 |
| 7 | Washington | \$4,072 | 32 | Georgia | \$2,844 |
| 8 | Nebraska | \$3,986 | 33 | Utah | \$2,668 |
| 9 | Illinois | \$3,777 | 34 | Wisconsin | \$2,628 |
| 10 | New Hampshire | \$3,647 | 35 | Indiana | \$2,620 |
| 11 | Connecticut | \$3,612 | 36 | Hawaii | \$2,548 |
| 12 | Maryland | \$3,599 | 37 | Alabama | \$2,542 |
|  | U.S. Average | \$3,508 | 38 | Mississippi | \$2,520 |
| 13 | lowa | \$3,477 | 39 | Tennessee | \$2,432 |
| 14 | Texas | \$3,473 | 40 | Montana | \$2,398 |
| 15 | Massachusetts | \$3,348 | 41 | Michigan | \$2,383 |
| 16 | FLORIDA | \$3,344 | 42 | Oklahoma | \$2,325 |
| 17 | North Dakota | \$3,286 | 43 | Arizona | \$2,288 |
| 18 | South Carolina | \$3,238 | 44 | New Mexico | \$2,093 |
| 19 | Ohio | \$3,181 | 45 | Idaho | \$2,075 |
| 20 | Oregon | \$3,164 | 46 | Kentucky | \$1,940 |
| 21 | Pennsylvania | \$3,127 | 47 | West Virginia | \$1,889 |
| 22 | Kansas | \$3,089 | 48 | Delaware | \$1,702 |
| 23 | Virginia | \$3,074 | 49 | Vermont | \$1,645 |
| 24 | Minnesota | \$3,067 | 50 | Arkansas | \$1,458 |
| 25 | Rhode Island | \$3,047 |  |  |  |

Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Rankings may appear to be equal due to rounding. *For a definition of Own Source Revenue see page 5.

FLORIDA'S HISTORIC RANK

| Year | Rank | Amount | \% of US Avg. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2018 | 16 | $\$ 3,344$ | $95.3 \%$ |
| 2017 | 16 | $\$ 3,272$ | $97.5 \%$ |
| 2015 | 15 | $\$ 3,029$ | $96.2 \%$ |
| 2014 | 16 | $\$ 2,931$ | $96.2 \%$ |
| 2009 | 6 | 3,451 | $119.0 \%$ |
| 2006 | 6 | 2,955 | $113.9 \%$ |

## PER CAPITA LOCAL TAX COLLECTIONS <br> FY2018

| 1 | New York | \$5,288 | 26 | Wyoming | \$1,881 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | New Jersey | \$3,444 | 27 | Missouri | \$1,844 |
| 3 | Connecticut | \$3,151 | 28 | FLORIDA | \$1,806 |
| 4 | New Hampshire | \$3,119 | 29 | Wisconsin | \$1,792 |
| 5 | Maryland | \$2,814 | 30 | Nevada | \$1,690 |
| 6 | Illinois | \$2,807 | 31 | Georgia | \$1,678 |
| 7 | Massachusetts | \$2,702 | 32 | Minnesota | \$1,662 |
| 8 | Colorado | \$2,660 | 33 | South Carolina | \$1,640 |
| 9 | Alaska | \$2,576 | 34 | Utah | \$1,611 |
| 10 | Nebraska | \$2,570 | 35 | Arizona | \$1,572 |
| 11 | Rhode Island | \$2,501 | 36 | Montana | \$1,493 |
| 12 | Texas | \$2,388 | 37 | Oklahoma | \$1,424 |
| 13 | California | \$2,381 | 38 | New Mexico | \$1,424 |
| 14 | Washington | \$2,301 | 39 | North Carolina | \$1,396 |
| 15 | Pennsylvania | \$2,287 | 40 | Michigan | \$1,369 |
|  | U.S. Average | \$2,272 | 41 | Kentucky | \$1,272 |
| 16 | Maine | \$2,250 | 42 | Alabama | \$1,266 |
| 17 | Virginia | \$2,236 | 43 | Indiana | \$1,197 |
| 18 | South Dakota | \$2,151 | 44 | Tennessee | \$1,184 |
| 19 | Ohio | \$2,147 | 45 | Delaware | \$1,159 |
| 20 | North Dakota | \$2,068 | 46 | West Virginia | \$1,158 |
| 21 | lowa | \$1,958 | 47 | Mississippi | \$1,119 |
| 22 | Oregon | \$1,944 | 48 | Idaho | \$1,103 |
| 23 | Louisiana | \$1,938 | 49 | Vermont | \$1,089 |
| 24 | Kansas | \$1,907 | 50 | Arkansas | \$866 |
| 25 | Hawaii | \$1,899 |  |  |  |

Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Rankings may appear to be equal due to rounding.

FLORIDA'S HISTORIC RANK

| Year | Rank | Amount | \% of US Avg. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2018 | 28 | $\$ 1,806$ | $79.4 \%$ |
| 2017 | 28 | $\$ 1,750$ | $80.9 \%$ |
| 2015 | 27 | $\$ 1,627$ | $80.0 \%$ |
| 2014 | 27 | $\$ 1,558$ | $79.3 \%$ |
| 2009 | 11 | 1,962 | $106.6 \%$ |
| 2006 | 16 | 1,631 | $99.3 \%$ |

## PER CAPITA LOCAL PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS

FY2018

| 1 | New Jersey | \$3,377 | 26 | Kansas | \$1,360 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Connecticut | \$3,106 | 27 | Ohio | \$1,357 |
| 3 | New Hampshire | \$3,066 | 28 | Hawaii | \$1,356 |
| 4 | New York | \$3,020 | 29 | Washington | \$1,286 |
| 5 | Massachusetts | \$2,569 | 30 | Michigan | \$1,249 |
| 6 | Rhode Island | \$2,432 | 31 | South Carolina | \$1,211 |
| 7 | Illinois | \$2,267 | 32 | Georgia | \$1,122 |
| 8 | Maine | \$2,223 | 33 | Utah | \$1,079 |
| 9 | Alaska | \$2,023 | 34 | Missouri | \$1,069 |
| 10 | Nebraska | \$2,015 | 35 | Mississippi | \$1,050 |
| 11 | Texas | \$1,985 | 36 | Indiana | \$1,034 |
| 12 | lowa | \$1,703 | 37 | Idaho | \$1,032 |
| 13 | Virginia | \$1,699 | 38 | Vermont | \$1,031 |
| 14 | Wisconsin | \$1,654 | 39 | North Carolina | \$999 |
| 15 | North Dakota | \$1,646 | 40 | Arizona | \$987 |
|  | U.S. Average | \$1,629 | 41 | Nevada | \$948 |
| 16 | Colorado | \$1,627 | 42 | West Virginia | \$942 |
| 17 | California | \$1,610 | 43 | Delaware | \$935 |
| 18 | South Dakota | \$1,591 | 44 | Louisiana | \$880 |
| 19 | Pennsylvania | \$1,582 | 45 | Tennessee | \$803 |
| 20 | Wyoming | \$1,577 | 46 | New Mexico | \$792 |
| 21 | Maryland | \$1,561 | 47 | Oklahoma | \$772 |
| 22 | Oregon | \$1,559 | 48 | Kentucky | \$698 |
| 23 | Minnesota | \$1,508 | 49 | Alabama | \$515 |
| 24 | Montana | \$1,439 | 50 | Arkansas | \$373 |
| 25 | FLORIDA | \$1,387 |  |  |  |

Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Rankings may appear to be equal due to rounding.

FLORIDA'S HISTORIC RANK

| Year | Rank | Amount | \% of US Avg. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2018 | 25 | $\$ 1,387$ | $85.1 \%$ |
| 2017 | 23 | $\$ 1,342$ | $85.6 \%$ |
| 2015 | 25 | $\$ 1,244$ | $84.4 \%$ |
| 2014 | 26 | $\$ 1,195$ | $83.9 \%$ |
| 2009 | 12 | 1,600 | $117.3 \%$ |
| 2006 | 13 | 1,269 | $107.4 \%$ |

## PER CAPITA LOCAL <br> TRANSACTION TAX COLLECTIONS <br> FY2018

| 1 | Louisiana | \$1,015 | 26 | Nebraska | \$268 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | New York | \$1,001 | 27 | Ohio | \$227 |
| 3 | Colorado | \$926 | 28 | South Carolina | \$204 |
| 4 | Washington | \$841 | 29 | Wyoming | \$204 |
| 5 | Oklahoma | \$609 | 30 | lowa | \$190 |
| 6 | New Mexico | \$602 | 31 | Kentucky | \$172 |
| 7 | Nevada | \$598 | 32 | Maryland | \$164 |
| 8 | Alabama | \$592 | 33 | Oregon | \$142 |
| 9 | Missouri | \$590 | 34 | Pennsylvania | \$114 |
| 10 | California | \$589 | 35 | Wisconsin | \$92 |
| 11 | Arizona | \$525 | 36 | Minnesota | \$90 |
| 12 | Georgia | \$502 | 37 | West Virginia | \$72 |
| 13 | Alaska | \$499 | 38 | Massachusetts | \$65 |
| 14 | Kansas | \$496 | 39 | Vermont | \$40 |
| 15 | Utah | \$483 | 40 | Mississippi | \$38 |
| 16 | South Dakota | \$480 | 41 | Indiana | \$33 |
| 17 | Arkansas | \$478 | 42 | Rhode Island | \$31 |
| 18 | Illinois | \$467 | 43 | Idaho | \$29 |
|  | U.S. Average | \$403 | 44 | Michigan | \$27 |
| 19 | Texas | \$365 | 45 | New Jersey | \$20 |
| 20 | North Dakota | \$365 | 46 | Delaware | \$17 |
| 21 | Virginia | \$362 | 47 | Montana | \$13 |
| 22 | Hawaii | \$354 | 48 | Maine | \$5 |
| 23 | North Carolina | \$343 | 49 | New Hampshire | \$3 |
| 24 | Tennessee | \$332 | 50 | Connecticut | \$- |
| 25 | FLORIDA | \$313 |  |  |  |

Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Rankings may appear to be equal due to rounding.

FLORIDA'S HISTORIC RANK

| Year | Rank | Amount | \% of US Avg. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2018 | 25 | $\$ 313$ | $77.7 \%$ |
| 2017 | 24 | $\$ 302$ | $79.9 \%$ |
| 2015 | 26 | $\$ 285$ | $81.4 \%$ |
| 2014 | 27 | $\$ 271$ | $81.5 \%$ |
| 2009 | 25 | $\$ 263$ | $88.9 \%$ |
| 2006 | 23 | $\$ 259$ | $96.6 \%$ |

## 2020 FLORIDA COUNTY LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX RATES

| $2.50 \%$ | Hillsborough |
| :---: | :--- |
| $2 \%$ | Liberty |
| $1.50 \%$ | Calhoun, DeSoto, Escambia, Gadsden, Highlands, <br> Jackson, Leon, Liberty, Madison, Monroe, Osceola, <br> Washington |
| $1 \%$ | Alachua, Baker, Bay, Bradford, Brevard, Broward, <br> Charlotte,Alachua, Baker, Bay, Bradford, Brevard, <br> Broward, Charlotte, Clay, Collier, Columbia, Dixie, <br> Duval, Flagler, Franklin, Gilchrist, Glades, Gulf, <br> Hamilton, Hardee, Hendry, Holmes, Indian River, <br> Jefferson, Lafayette, Lake, Levy, Manatee, Marion, <br> Miami-Dade, Nassau, Okeechobee, Palm Beach, <br> Pasco, Pinellas, Polk, Putnam, St. Lucie, Santa Rosa, |
| Sarasota, Seminole, Sumter, Suwannee, Taylor, |  |
| Union, Walton, Wakulla |  |, | Hernando, Lee, Martin, Okaloosa, Orange, St. |
| :--- |

Counties in bold have all or part (Brevard and Liberty) of their sales tax scheduled to expire on December 31, 2020. All four counties are voting to extend the expiring taxes in November 2020. Clay, Duval, Okaloosa, and Union will also be voting to enact new local option sales taxes.

Source: Florida Department of Revenue and Florida TaxWatch, October 2020.

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[^0]:    Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Rankings may appear to be equal due to rounding.
    *For a definition of Own Source Revenue see page 5.

[^1]:    Source: Florida TaxWatch from U.S. Department of Commerce data, October 2020. Figures may not add to $100 \%$ due to rounding.

    * "Other" license category includes hunting \& fishing, alcoholic beverage, utilities, and amusement licenses.
    ** All-state averages include Florida.

